## CHROATIA. INSPECTION ACTIVITIES

Title of the inspection activities: **Platform workers OSH campaign** Duration of the inspection activities: **1 year - 2023** 

Aim of the inspection activities: Enforcement of OSH rules and regulations

Scope and sector of the inspection activities: inspections of employers who operate via digital platforms (so-called aggregators) whose employees perform delivery/taxi transportation via digital work platforms (Uber, Wolt, Glovo, Bolt, etc.)

The number of establishments inspected in the framework of the activities: 87

The number of labour inspectors involved in implementing the inspection activities: 50

The number of persons involved in supervising the implementation of the inspection activities (including development of inspection documents and summarizing results of inspections): **2** 

Short summary of the outcome of the inspection activities: Inspectors enacted a total of 53 inspection measures. The largest number of measures referred to training of workers, employers not having evidence that the workers meet the prescribed criteria for work with special working conditions, and measures related to risk assessments.

Inspectors also issued a total of 31 fines, mostly related to employers not having risk assessments.

No.	question	yes/no		comment	
	Inspect			tion activity	
A. Se	electing priority areas for inspection				
1.	What sources of information did you			EU Strategic Framework on Health and	
	use in selecting the priority area for		Safe	ety at Work 2021-2027	
	inspection?				
2.	What was the main reason for			others (please specify)	
	selecting the inspection priority area?		Incr	eased number of new employers and	
			fore	ign workers within them, and review of	
			con	pliance to OSH rules and regulations	
3.	What was defined as priority area?			a particular sector(s) of economy	
4.	What was the predominant aim of			to enforce compliance with the law in the	
	workplace inspections?		insp	ected entities	
5.	How did you determine the number			the percentage of all registered entities	
	of entities to be inspected?		whe	re the problem determined as the priority	
			area	was expected to surface (range:	
				☐ up to 1 %;	
				over 1 % to 10 %;	
				over 10 to 20 %;	
				over 20 to 30 %;	
				over 30 to 50 %;	
				over 50 to 75 %;	
				over 75 %;	
				nearly 100 % of all registered	
				entities)	
6.	What was taken into consideration			the number of entities typical of a given	
	when determining the number of		prog	gramme in the region;	
	inspections to be carried out by				
	individual field offices (regions):				
7.	Were IT tools used to identify the	YES		prief description of IT tools	
	priority area in the described			abases related to employers, and	
	inspection campaign?		data	abases related to workers	
			- the	e type of data:	

			Number of employers and new workers in		
			selected sectors		
8.	Were IT tools used to identify the	No			
	target group of inspected entities in				
	the described inspection campaign?				
B. Determining the time span of inspection activities					
9.	How was the breakdown of inspections	s planned?	Were the inspections carried out:		
a)	evenly throughout the whole period	YES			
3	of the planned activities				
10.	What was the average duration of a		within one day, between 2 and 4 hours;		
	workplace visit conducted in the				
	framework of the programme				
	implementation (the time it took to				
	complete inspection activities at an				
	individual establishment)?				
11.	What was the average duration of the		within one day, no longer than 2 hours;		
	activities carried out in the office of				
	the labour inspectorate (excluding				
	the penal and administrative				
	sanctions)?				
C. Se	electing establishments for inspection.				
12.	What criteria were used when		Sectoral criterion		
	selecting establishments for				
	inspection?				
13.	What sources of information were		🔀 inspectorate's own database		
	used when selecting establishments		databases of institutions registering		
	for inspection?		economic activity		
14.	Were IT tools used to select specific	No			
	inspected entities in the described				
	inspection campaign?				
D. Pi	rovision of staff for carrying out inspe	ctions			
15.	What group of inspectors was		Nearly all inspectors were involved (at least		
	involved in the inspection activities?		80%);		

16.	How were inspectors prepared for		No additional training was provided;
	the inspection activities (additional		
	training)?		
17.	Were IT tools used to prepare labour	No	
	inspectors to carry out activities		
	within the described inspection		
10	campaign?		
18.	What materials were at the		$\bigcirc$ the rationale of the inspection activities;
	inspectors' disposal during the		description of the reporting requirements;
	activities?		
19.	Did labour inspectors use IT tools	Yes	- a brief description of IT tools:
	when carrying out activities within		MS Office and State Inspectorate internal
	the described inspection campaign?		programs
			- IT tools were used :
			for labour inspector's preparation
			for an inspection at a specific
			inspected entity
			$\bigotimes$ when performing inspection
			activities during the inspection
			when summarizing and
			documenting the results of the
			inspection in a specific inspected
			entity
E. In	volvement of other regulators, institu	tions, aut	horities for labour protection and social
part	ners in the implementation process.		
20.	Can other regulators, institutions,	Yes	Which regulators, institutions and authorities
	authorities for labour protection and		for labour protection can submit their
	social partners submit their proposals		proposals?
	of inspection topics to the		Ministry of Labour and Pension System,
	inspectorate's plan of work?		Family and Social Policy, Ministry of
			Internal Affairs
21.	Was the inspection activity the result	No	
21.	of a proposal submitted by another	140	
	or a proposal submitted by another		

	regulator, institution, authority for		
	labour protection or social partner?		
22.	Was there any cooperation between	No	
	the labour inspectorate and another		
	regulator, institution, authority for		
	labour protection or social partner?		
25.	Are there any legal requirements	No	
	obliging other regulators, institutions,		
	authorities or social partners to make		
	their data accessible to the labour		
	inspectorate for inspection needs?		
26.	Does the labour inspectorate have	Yes	Please indicate institutions and the type of
	direct online access to information		accessible data / information:
	and data collected by other bodies,		Data about employers and employees,
	institutions and authorities?		including number and names of employees,
			general data about employers' risk
			assessments, worker training, equipment
			and working environment testing
F. Su	monthing increation activities with the		
	pporting inspection activities with tra	ining pro	wided for employers or workers (combining
	ection and educational activities)	ining pro	wided for employers or workers (combining
		ning pro	ovided for employers or workers (combining
insp	ection and educational activities)		ovided for employers or workers (combining
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<b>insp</b> (28.	ection and educational activities) Were establishments covered by inspections provided with information or training prior to the commencement of the inspection task? Is the effectiveness of prior		ovided for employers or workers (combining
<b>insp</b> (28.	ection and educational activities) Were establishments covered by inspections provided with information or training prior to the commencement of the inspection task? Is the effectiveness of prior information or training activities		ovided for employers or workers (combining
<b>insp</b> (28.	ection and educational activities) Were establishments covered by inspections provided with information or training prior to the commencement of the inspection task? Is the effectiveness of prior information or training activities taken into account when evaluating		ovided for employers or workers (combining
28. 29.	ection and educational activities) Were establishments covered by inspections provided with information or training prior to the commencement of the inspection task? Is the effectiveness of prior information or training activities taken into account when evaluating the results of the inspections?	No	ovided for employers or workers (combining
28. 29.	ection and educational activities) Were establishments covered by inspections provided with information or training prior to the commencement of the inspection task? Is the effectiveness of prior information or training activities taken into account when evaluating the results of the inspections? Once the inspection activity is	No	ovided for employers or workers (combining
28. 29.	ection and educational activities) Were establishments covered by inspections provided with information or training prior to the commencement of the inspection task? Is the effectiveness of prior information or training activities taken into account when evaluating the results of the inspections? Once the inspection activity is completed, are representatives of	No	ovided for employers or workers (combining
28. 29.	ection and educational activities) Were establishments covered by inspections provided with information or training prior to the commencement of the inspection task? Is the effectiveness of prior information or training activities taken into account when evaluating the results of the inspections? Once the inspection activity is completed, are representatives of inspected establishments provided	No	ovided for employers or workers (combining

	guidance or training – regarding the				
	identified compliance level in				
	establishments operating in the field				
	covered by inspection?				
G. M	onitoring the implementation of insp	ection ac	ction activities		
31.	Was the implementation of	Yes	How many people were involved in monitoring		
	inspection activities in any way		and coordination of the inspection activity?		
	monitored and coordinated?		2		
			What was the function of those persons in		
			relation to labour inspectors who		
			implemented the activity (fellow labour		
			inspectors, immediate supervisors, national		
			coordinator at the labour inspectorate's		
			headquarters)?		
			Supervisors from Central office		
32.	What was the scope of monitoring		M monitoring the implementation level of		
	and coordinating actions regarding		the developed quantitative plan		
	the inspection activity?				
33.	Were IT tools used to carry out	Yes	- a brief description of IT tools:		
	monitoring and coordination		State inspectorate internal program		
	activities as part of the described		- IT tools were used to:		
	inspection campaign?		monitoring the implementation		
			level of the developed quantitative		
			plan		
H. C	ommunicating the information about	inspectio	n campaign and its results.		
34.	Did you develop any plan to				
	communicate the information about				
	the inspection activities to:				
a)	stakeholders	No			
	in the sector covered by the				
	inspection activity ?				
b)	the general public?	No			
I. Eva	I. Evaluating the results of the inspection activities. Evaluation methods and tools.				
37.	37. How were the <b>results</b> of inspection campaign evaluated?				

a)	based on a checklist	No	
b)	based on the number of legal	Yes	
	measures issued		
c)	based on the type of legal measures	Yes	
	issued		
d)	based on the number of	No	
	implemented legal measures		
e)	based on the type of implemented	No	
	legal measures		
f)	other way	No	
38.	How was the information about the <b>ef</b>	fects of in	spection campaign obtained (e.g. about the
	elimination of irregularities, introduction	on of highe	er standards)?
a)	information provided by the	No	
	employer		
b)	information provided by the labour	No	
	inspector who conducted the next		
	inspection at the workplace		
c)	other way	Yes	How?
			Any irregularities found during inspections
			are monitored by the inspector after the
			inspection, until they are corrected
39.	What performance indicators were		Please list and briefly describe the indicators:
	used to evaluate the effectiveness of		Number of inspections and number of
	the inspection campaign?		inspection measures
40.	Were IT tools used to assess the	Yes	- a brief description of IT tools:
	effectiveness of the inspection		State inspectorate internal program
	campaign?		
			- IT tools were used to:
			formulate conclusions resulting
			from the effects of the conducted
			inspection campaign (how?)
			State inspectorate internal program which
			contains a database about all inspections,

			inspection measures, and data about corrected irregularities
41.	How were the project <b>effects</b> evaluated	d?	
a)	Was any final summary evaluation of the inspection task (inspection campaign) made?	Yes	
b)	Were partial assessments made during the inspection activity?	No	
c)	Did you prepare a formal document with evaluation of the inspection activity after its completion?	No	